

Complainant Roelef Swartwout, Schout, shows the court a certificate, dated June 5, 1663, certifying that defendant [Mathys Roelofsen] should have sold brandy to the savages, according to the testimony of the savages themselves.

Commissaries order defendant, as he has offered to do, to reply to the certificate at the court's next session.

Hester Douwesen having appeared before this court demands 7 schepels of wheat which the deceased Hey Olfertsen owed her.

The court having heard the above claim, proposes to administer the property, here in Wildwyck, of the deceased Hey Olfertsen, and then pay her complainant, besides the other creditors.

1663, September 18th

The local court resolved, in obedience to a previous request by the Capt. lieutenant and council of war to have renewed and replaced the damaged and destroyed palisades on Sept. 26, being next Wednesday, with the assistance of all the inhabitants of this place, none excepted, under penalty of 12 gldrs for non-compliance.

The court further resolved:

Whereas persons were killed during the troubles on June 7th last, which persons had no relatives, therefore the court will administer their property.

Their names are:

Willem Jansen Seba Servant (helper)

Hendrick Jansen Looman Brewer's helper

Dirrick Willemsen Inhabitant

The court appoints as administrators: Albert Gysbertsen and Tjerck Claesen De Wit both commissaries, with orders to immediately inventory all property of said deceased, and to administer the same until further orders or a claims by relatives or creditors.

Inventory on September 18, 1663 taken at Wildtwyck in the presence of the Schout Roelof Swartwout and two Commissaries Albert Gysbertsen and Tjerck Clasen De Wit, of the property left by Henderick Looman, at the house of Juriaen Westphael.

Found to be as follows: